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| 10/574,775   | 04/06/2006  | Sougo Ohta           | 071971-0460         | 2530             |
| 50/80 7590 04/27/2009<br>MCDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP<br>600 13TH STREET, NW |             |                      | EXAMINER            |                  |
|  |             |                      | HSIEH, HSIN YI      |                  |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/574,775 OHTA ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Hsin-Yi (Steven) Hsieh 2811 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31 March 2009. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 8-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 8-13 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some \* c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (FTO/S5/0E)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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#### DETAILED ACTION

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claim 8-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Claim 8 recites the limitation "the first floating diffusion and second floating diffusion are substantially equal in shape" in the last two lines of the claim, which lacks the support in the original presentation. Figs 1, 3, 5 and 6 all show the first floating diffusion and second floating diffusion having substantial difference in shape. Paragraph [0064] only mentions the size instead of the shape in the recitation of "Respective impurity-diffusion-layer active areas and floating diffusions 206 of pixels are also made as equal in size and intra-pixel location as possible". Claims 9-13 are rejected because they depend on the rejected claim 8.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

- Claims 8-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Guidash (US 6.657.665 B1).
- 5. Regarding claim 8, Guidash teaches a solid-state imaging apparatus (image sensor; Abstract) comprising: a substrate (semiconductor substrate; Abstract); a first pixel (upper pixel 10; Fig. 4, col. 3 line 48) formed on the substrate (Abstract) including a first photodiode (photodiode photodetectors 12 in the first pixel; Fig. 4, col. 3 lines 57-58), a first transfer transistor (the transistor formed with the transfer gate 23 in the first pixel; Fig. 4, col. 3 line 58) and a first floating diffusion (25 in the first pixel; Fig. 4, col. 3 line 58); a second pixel (lower pixel 10; Fig. 4, col. 3 line 48) formed on the substrate (Abstract) adjacent to the first pixel (upper 10) including a second photodiode (photodiode photodetectors 12 in the second pixel; Fig. 4, col. 3 lines 57-58), a second transfer transistor (the transistor formed with the transfer gate 23 in the second pixel; Fig. 4, col. 3 line 58) and a second floating diffusion (25 in the second pixel; Fig. 4, col. 3 line 58); a reset transistor (14; Fig. 4, col. 3 line 59) formed on the substrate (Abstract); and an amplifier transistor (source follower input signal transistor 21; Fig. 4, col. 3 lines 59-60) formed on the substrate (abstract), wherein a gate electrode (SIG; Fig. 4) of the amplifier transistor (21) is connected to the first floating diffusion (25 in upper 10; see Fig. 4 and col. 4, lines 1-4) and the second floating diffusion (25 in lower 10; see Fig. 4 and col. 4, lines 1-4), a source (the lower source/drain region) of the reset transistor (15) is connected to the first floating diffusion (25 in the upper 10; through the 25 in the lower 10 and conductive interconnect layer 44; see Fig. 4 and col. 4, lines 1-4) and the source (the lower source/drain region) of the reset transistor (15) is connected to the second floating diffusion (25 in the lower 10; see Fig. 4),

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and the first photodiode (photodiode photodetectors 12 in the first pixel) and second photodiode are (photodiode photodetectors 12 in the second pixel) substantially equal in shape (see Fig. 4) and intra- pixel location (the PDa location with respect to the upper left corner of the upper pixel 10 and the PDb location with respect to the lower left corner of the lower pixel 10 are equal in intra-pixel location as PDa and PDb are the mirror images to each other along the interface between upper and lower 10s), and the first floating diffusion (25 in upper 10) and second floating diffusion (25 in lower 10) are substantially equal in shape (see Fig. 4) and intra-pixel location (the FDa location with respect to the upper left corner of the upper pixel 10 and the FDb location with respect to the lower left corner of the lower pixel 10 are equal in intra-pixel location as FDa and FDb are the mirror images to each other along the interface between upper and lower 10s).

- 6. Regarding claim 9, Guidash also teaches the solid-state imaging apparatus of claim 8, further comprising: a power supply interconnect (voltage supply 8; Fig. 4, col. 3 line 60); and an output interconnect (row select gate transistor 30 with a row select gate (RSG) 31; Fig. 4, col. 3 line 62), wherein the power supply interconnect (8) is connected to a drain (the upper source/drain region) of the reset transistor (15; see Fig. 4) and a source (the lower source/drain) of the amplifier transistor (21; see Fig. 4), and the output interconnect (30) is connected to a drain (the upper source/drain region) of the amplifier transistor (21; 30 and 21 share one source/drain region, see Fig. 4).
- 7. Regarding claim 10, Guidash also teaches the solid-state imaging apparatus of claim 8, wherein the amplifier transistor (21) is formed in the first pixel (upper 10; the majority part of 21 is in the upper pixel 10), the reset transistor (14) is formed in the second pixel (lower 10, see Fig.

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4), and a distance and direction (a distance in the horizontal direction) from the first photodiode (PDa in Fig. 4) to the amplifier transistor (21; the distance between the right end of PDa and the left end of the gate of 21) are substantially equal to a distance and direction (a distance in the horizontal direction) from the second photodiode (PDb in Fig. 4) to the reset transistor (14; the distance between the right end of PDb and the left end of the gate of 14).

- 8. Regarding claim 11, Guidash also teaches the solid-state imaging apparatus of claim 8, wherein a shape and size of the first pixel (upper 10) are substantially equal to a shape and size as that of the second pixel (lower 10; see Fig. 4).
- 9. Regarding claim 12, Guidash also teaches the solid-state imaging apparatus of claim 8, wherein the solid-state imaging apparatus comprises a plurality of units (the unit of two pixel 10s shown in Fig. 4), and each of the units includes only the first pixel (the upper 10), the second pixel (the lower 10), the reset transistor (14) and the amplifier transistor (21).
- 10. Regarding claim 13, Guidash also teaches the solid-state imaging apparatus of claim 8, wherein the amplifier transistor (21) and the reset transistor (14) are formed in the second pixel (the lower pixel 10; part of 21 is in the lower pixel 10) and a drain (the upper source/drain region) of the reset transistor (14) is a source (the lower source/drain region) of the amplifier transistor (21; 21 and 14 share one source/drain region).

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's amendments, filed 03/31/2009, overcome the rejections to claims 14 under
U.S.C. 112. The rejections to claims 14 under 35 U.S.C. 112 have been withdrawn.

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 Applicant's arguments filed 03/31/2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

- 13. On pages 5-6 of the Applicant's Response, Applicant argues that the amendments have responded to all open issues set forth in the Office Action, it is respectfully submitted that all claims are in condition for allowance.
- 14. The examiner respectfully disagrees with Applicant's argument, because Guidash still reads on the amended claim 1. The point is that the reference points for the intra-pixel positions of the photodiodes and floating diffusions are not specified in the claim. By choosing the upper left corners of the upper pixel as the reference point for the upper pixel and choosing the lower left corners of the lower pixel as the reference point for the lower pixel, Guidash reads on the amended claim 1. The examiner would also like to emphasize that the shape of the two floating diffusions are not the same, and that would introduce ambiguity in defining the intra-pixel position for these two floating diffusions.

#### Conclusion

15. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

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will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hsin-Yi (Steven) Hsieh whose telephone number is 571-270-3043. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynne A. Gurley can be reached on 571-272-1670. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Lynne A. Gurley/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2811

/H. H./ Examiner, Art Unit 2811 4/16/2009